for searches/reviews performed by clerical staff, and \$37.00 per hour per person for searches/reviews performed by professional staff. Charges for search/review time will be billed in 1/2 hour segments.

(c) Computer searches for records. HUD will charge \$35.00 per hour for computer programming relating to a search, plus \$25.00 per minute for central processing unit (CPU) time.

- (d) Contract services. HUD will contract with private sector sources to locate, reproduce and disseminate records in response to FOIA requests when that is the most efficient and least costly method. When doing so, however, HUD will ensure that the ultimate cost to the requester is no greater than it would be if HUD itself had performed these tasks. In no case will HUD contract out responsibilities which the FOIA provides that HUD alone may discharge, such as determining the applicability of an exemption, or determining whether to waive or reduce fees. HUD will ensure that when documents that would be responsive to a request are maintained for distribution by agencies operating statutorybased fee schedule programs such as the National Technical Information Service, HUD will inform requesters of the steps necessary to obtain records from those sources. Information provided routinely in the normal course of business will be provided at no charge.
- (e) Restrictions on assessing fees. HUD will provide the first 100 pages of duplication and the first two hours of search time, manual or computer, free of charge to noncommercial use requesters. There is no charge to noncommercial use requesters for time needed for review, as defined in paragraph (g)(4) of this section. Review time is chargeable only to commercial use requesters. HUD will only assess fees for amounts in excess of \$25.00.
- (f) Payment of fees. Payment of fees under this section and under §15.16(a) shall be made by check or money order, payable to the Treasurer of the United States. Cash payments may be made in person at Headquarters or the Field Offices. The fees shall be sent to the Office of Executive Secretariat at Headquarters or to the appropriate Field Office.

- (g) *Definitions*. As used in this subpart:
- (1) Direct costs means those expenditures which HUD actually incurs in searching for and duplicating (and, in the case of commercial requesters, reviewing) documents to respond to a FOIA request. Direct costs include, for example, the salary of the employee performing work (the basic rate of pay for the employee plus 16 percent of that rate to cover benefits) and the cost of operating duplicating machinery. Not included in direct costs are overhead expenses such as costs of space, and heating or lighting the facility in which the records are stored.
- (2) Search includes all time spent looking for material that is responsive to a request, including page-by-page or line-by-line identification of material within documents. Such activity is distinguished from review of material in order to determine whether the material is exempt from disclosure.
- (3) Duplication means the process of making a copy of a document necessary to respond to a FOIA request. Such copies can take the form of paper copy, microform, audio-visual materials, or machine readable documentation (e.g., magnetic tape or disk), among others.
- (4) Review means the process of examining a document located in response to a request that is for a commercial use to determine whether any portion of it may be withheld, excising portions to be withheld and otherwise preparing the document for release. Review does not include time spent resolving general legal or policy issues regarding the application of exemptions.

[53 FR 37547, Sept. 27, 1988, as amended at 60 FR 11903, Mar. 3, 1995]

§15.15 Fees to be charged—categories of requesters.

There are four categories of FOIA requesters: Commercial use requesters; educational and non-commercial scientific institutions; representatives of the news media; and all other requesters. Specific levels of fees are prescribed for each of these categories:

(a) Commercial use requesters. (1) HUD will assess charges which recover the

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full direct costs of searching for, reviewing for release, and duplicating records sought for commercial use. Requesters must reasonably describe the records sought. Commercial use requesters are not entitled to two hours of free search time or 100 free pages of reproduction of documents.

(2) Commercial use refers to a request from or on behalf of one who seeks information for a use or purpose that furthers the commercial, trade, or profit interests of the requester or the person on whose behalf the request is made. In determining whether a requester properly belongs in this category, HUD must determine the use to which a requester will put the documents reguested. Moreover, where HUD has reasonable cause to doubt the use to which a requester will put the records sought, or where that use is not clear from the request itself, HUD will seek additional clarification before assigning the request to a specific category.

(b) Educational and non-commercial scientific institution requesters. (1) HUD will provide documents to educational and non-commercial scientific institutions for the cost of reproduction alone, excluding charges for the first 100 pages. To be eligible for inclusion in this category, requesters must show that the request is being made as authorized by and under the auspices of a qualifying institution and that the records are not sought for a commercial use, but are sought for furtherance of scholarly (if the request is from an educational institution) or scientific (if the request is from a non-commerical scientific institution) research. Requesters must reasonably describe the records sought.

(2) Educational institution means a preschool, a public or private elementary or secondary school, an institution of graduate higher education, an institution of undergraduate higher education, an institution of professional education, and an institution of vocational education, which operates a program or programs of scholarly research.

(3) Non-commercial scientific institution means an institution that is not operated on a commercial basis as that term is referenced in §15.15(a) and which is operated solely for the purpose of con-

ducting scientific research the results of which are not intended to promote any particular product or industry.

- (c) Requesters who are representatives of the news media. (1) HUD will provide documents to representatives of the news media for the cost of reproduction alone, excluding charges for the first 100 pages. In reference to this class of requester, a request for records supporting the news dissemination function of the requester shall not be considered to be a request that is for a commercial use. Requesters must reasonable describe the records sought.
- (2) Representative of the news media means any person actively gathering news for an entity that is organized and operated to publish or broadcast news to the public. The term news means information that is about current events or that would be of current interest to the public. Examples of news media entities include television or radio stations broadcasting to the public at large, and publishers of periodicals (but only in those instances when they can qualify as disseminators of *news*) who make their products available for purchase or subscription by the general public. Freelance journalists may be regarded as working for a news organization if they can demonstrate a solid basis for expecting publication through that organization, even though not actually emloyed by it. A publication contract would be the clearest proof, but HUD may also look to the past publication record of a requester in making this determination.
- (d) All other requesters. HUD will charge requesters who do not fit into any of the categories above fees which recover the full reasonable direct cost of searching for and reproducing records that are responsive to the request, except that the first 100 pages of reproduction and the first two hours of search time shall be furnished without charge. Requests from subjects for records about themselves filed in agencies' systems of records will continue to be treated under the fee provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974 which permit fees only for reproduction. Requesters must reasonably describe the records sought.

[53 FR 37548, Sept. 27, 1988]